## UNDERSTANDING THE DATA

## Mobile Integrated Health



## PROGRAM GOALS

"decrease unnecessary emergency department visits and repeat hospitalizations"
"reduce unnecessary calls to 911 for police or emergency medical response"
"provide mobile integrated health services for residents who cannot navigate resources through typical means, thereby preventing homelessness and premature death"
"increase chance of [individuals] maintaining stability in the community"
\#5:
"avoid arrest or re-arrest"
\#6:
"avoid involuntary detainment"

* The goals listed above were pulled directly from the state contract


## OBTAINING DATA

1. Receive referral
2. Go to Sno911 Public Records Portal
3. Request call history for 1 year prior to the date the referral was received for the individual identified as needing services
4. Receive requested information
a. General information received includes:

| Call Number | Primary Officer |
| :--- | :--- |
| Incident Date | Incident Number |
| Dispatcher's Name | Agency |
| Call Type | Beat |
| Police Call Type | Quadrant |
| Fire Call Type | Venue |
| Location | Source |
| Additional Unit | Priority |
| Secondary Location | Status |
| Canceled Flag | Nature of Call |

5. Input data received from Sno911 into Electronic Health Record
6. Repeat the process consistently to collect the same data for the identified individual since the date the first referral was received
7. At this point, we would have call history from prior to the referral AND call history from after the referral (while we are working with the individual)

## cosw <br> ANALYZING DATA

To find the differences in the data, we use the following formula for each individual referred:

Post Referral Data - Pre Referral Data = Difference

Once the data has been calculated for each individual, it is all added together and averaged. These averaged numbers are the outcomes.

This process is repeated for each individual data point that we are wanting to measure. For the purposes of the program goals, we will measure the following:

- Change in calls to 911
- Change in police response
- Change in fire/ems response
- Change in transport to jail
- Change in transport to hospital
** IT IS IMPERATIVE TO NOTE THAT THE OUTCOMES ARE ONLY REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INDIVIDUALS REFERRED

Client A: Referred to CJSW on $7 / 1 / 23$

| CALL \# | DATE | POLICE <br> CALL TYPE | FIRE CALL <br> TYPE | ADDITIONAL <br> UNIT | SECONDARY <br> LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 123 | 1.1 .23 | SUIC | BLS | Yes | CVH |
| 456 | 7.1 .23 | BHC | - | No | - |
| 789 | 9.1 .23 | BHC | - | No | - |

The above table is similar to what is received from Sno911. The highlighted section identifies the call that correlates to the referral received by CJSW.

Client B: Referred to CJSW on $2 / 1 / 23$

| CALL \# | DATE | POLICE <br> CALL TYPE | FIRE CALL <br> TYPE | ADDITIONAL <br> UNIT | SECONDARY <br> LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 987 | 2.1 .23 | AF | BLS | Yes | - |
| 654 | 8.1 .23 | BHC | - | No | - |
| 321 | 10.1 .23 | BHC | - | No | - |

The above table is similar to what is received from Sno911. The highlighted section identifies the call that correlates to the referral received by CJSW.

Client C: Referred to CJSW on $9 / 1 / 23$

| CALL \# | DATE | POLICE <br> CALL TYPE | FIRE CALL <br> TYPE | ADDITIONAL <br> UNIT | SECONDARY <br> LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 123 | 1.1 .23 | SUICW | BLS | Yes | CVH |
| 456 | 7.1 .23 | WELC | - | No | - |
| 789 | 9.1 .23 | BHC | - | No | - |

The above table is similar to what is received from Sno911. The highlighted section identifies the call that correlates to the referral received by CJSW.

Client D: Referred to CJSW on 10/1/23

| CALL \# | DATE | POLICE <br> CALL TYPE | FIRE CALL <br> TYPE | ADDITIONAL <br> UNIT | SECONDARY <br> LOCATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 987 | 10.1 .23 | - | BLS | Yes | - |
| 654 | 10.8 .23 | BHC | - | No | - |
| 321 | 11.9 .23 | BHC | BLS | Yes | Prov |

The above table is similar to what is received from Sno9ll. The highlighted section identifies the call that correlates to the referral received by CJSW.

EXAMPLE

## TALLY \# OF 911 CALLS PRE AND POST REFERRAL FOR EACH CLIENT

| CLIENT | \# OF CALLS PRE REFERRAL | \# OF CALLS POST REFERRAL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 1 | 1 |
| B | 0 | 2 |
| C | 2 | 0 |
| D | 0 | 2 |
| TOTAL | 3 | 5 |

With the totals in the bottom row, we are going to calculate the average change in 911 calls after a referral is received by CJSW.

To get the percentage change in 911 calls:
(total \# of calls post referral) - (total \# of calls pre referral)/(total \# of calls pre referral)

$$
\begin{gathered}
(5-3) / 3=0.6666666667 \\
0.6666666667 \times 100=66.67 \%
\end{gathered}
$$

